





## THE GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4.

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 WE PUBLISH FREE.  
 Marriage, death and obituary notices, without charge, also notices of church and society meetings.  
 WE PUBLISH AT HALF RATES.  
 Church and society notices of entertainments given for revenue.  
 WE CHARGE FULL RATES.  
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 is the best advertising medium in Southern Wisconsin, and our rates are based on our circulation, and are cheap when so considered. For local or display advertising, please apply to the local or display advertising agent, fully furnished on application.  
 GAZETTE PRINTING CO.  
 APRIL 15, 1888.

## TO-DAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

Born: Thomas Carlyle, 1795.  
 Dr. John Kitch, 1804.  
 Died: Richelieu, 1642.  
 Thomas Hobbes, 1679.  
 Samuel Butler, 1839.  
 John Gay, 1732.

## THE IMPORTANCE OF GOOD ROADS.

Some time ago the Gazette printed some extracts from an article which appeared in the Century on the importance of good highways, followed by some suggestions as to what should be done in Wisconsin in the direction of improving the road ways of the state.

Recently, Colonel Albert A. Pope, of Boston, was called to Syracuse, New York, to deliver an address on the subject of the improvement of the highways to facilitate travel of the kind. He makes the assertion that the enormous increase in railroads "has resulted in a proportionate neglect of ordinary roadways. The average country road is far from being what it easily might be, and even its present condition is not maintained in an economical manner. This is the natural result of rapid transit between markets. But a reaction already begins to show itself, as the population of the rural districts multiplies and the demand for good highways increases in proportion."

Colonel Pope shows the importance of substantial country roads by making the statement which is well supported by facts, that ninety-nine per cent. of every load by railroad, steamboat, or express has been carried in a wagon or truck over a highway. This statement will no doubt strike our Rock county farmers and business men with some astonishment, but it does not materially differ from the estimate by Professor Shaler. The importance of good country roads, made in such a way that either in spring or fall cannot make them difficult to travel on, may be seen by the statement made in the Gazette several weeks ago, that a ten pound draft will pull a ton on an iron rail, some seven hundred on a macadamized road, while it requires over seven hundred to draw a ton over the ordinary country roads in the average weather.

Colonel Pope then concludes with repeating some facts and suggestions that deserve practical attention in Wisconsin: "Throughout the whole country are farms eight or ten miles from the railroad, whose value is at a minimum, yet which, were the roads intersecting them of the first class, would at once rise in value were they twice as far from the steam transportation. Good roads are a national benefit. All business originates in natural product which must find its way over a common highway before it can reach a market and attain its full value. Smooth, hard roads, well drained and easily traversable through a large part of the year, furnish this outlet, and alone can furnish it. To neglect the highway is worse than to neglect fences and wood-piles and weeds."

## GIVE ALL THE BOYS A CHANCE.

The other day when Governor Hoard wrote a letter to Mr. Linsbinger, of Monroe, in regard to the Bennett law, he used an argument for the spirit and purpose of the law that deserves special attention because they are all-important to the boys and girls whom they seek to protect. Here are two paragraphs from the governor's pen to which special attention is directed:

"I cannot believe that it would be doing justice to the little boy of the present, born of foreign parents, to deprive him of all opportunities to become the peer of the native born boy, by postponing this question for a score of years; nor can I believe his father or mother will think so when they come to know just what the Bennett law means. Of course they love their children, and they cannot wish to keep them down as underlings by the side of the Yankee boy. 'Knowledge is power.' Knowledge of the English language will give the German boy and girl the power of equality that nothing else will. It cannot be that any German father or mother can oppose a law which is enacted for the sake of their children."

"I would not ask the good old German to abandon the use of the language of the fatherland, or to cease to look upon that language as the best in use. I would only ask him one question: 'Do you want your sons and daughters to have the same opportunities for advancement as the Yankee boy or girl? If we will reflect for a moment, and consider his responsibility for his children's existence in this country, he will answer 'Yes.' I do not believe that the German parent loves his child less than the native born loves his."

It would hardly seem possible that any one, who claims to be an American citizen, could be found who would maintain that the governor is wrong in his position. What the law seeks to do, is to put it in the power of children of foreign parents to make good, useful, and successful citizens of themselves. That is all. Is there any one among the opposers of the law who dare suggest that this is wrong? Are there any parents, among those who are foreign born, who think their children will be better off in the country if they are kept in ignorance of the English language?

The appearance of General Nathaniel P. Banks in the Fifty-first congress will bring to mind many reminiscences of days gone by. He was the first republican speaker of the house of representatives. His election was the first battle

the republicans ever fought in congress, for the republican party had just been organized. It was a long contest waged in those early days of the party for power in the house. It was not until six weeks or more had gone by that the republicans were successful. Since then General Banks has seen many of the ups and downs of life. He was one of the first major generals in the war of the rebellion, but he did not do much for himself or the country. He was better in politics, where he was always conspicuous and serviceable. He could always serve others better than he could serve himself, and therefore when he was in politics, he was always poor. When Cleveland was elected, General Banks was holding the office of United States marshal in Massachusetts, and although he was faithful and efficient, and past three score years and ten, he was removed from office without cause, and his place given to a democrat. He is now in congress again, where the old man, in his younger days, fought so well and spoke so eloquently for the principles of the republican party. All far-minded people, no matter to what party they belong, have the kindest regard for General Banks.

The New York Herald is convinced that the present session of congress will be an interesting one, and presents the following facts:

One of the important questions—second in importance only to the formulation of a tariff measure—is the consideration of the contested election cases with which the next house will have to deal. These cases are as follows: Three each in Virginia, West Virginia and Mississippi; two in Alabama, and one each in the states of South Carolina, Maryland, Tennessee, Florida, Arkansas, and Indiana. In every instance the contestant is a republican, and with but one exception all are southern men. The unusual spectacle is thus presented of seventeen republicans claiming for the seat now occupied by an equal number of democrats. It has no parallel in the history of the house, at least not in many years. Should the republicans succeed in unseating the seventeen democrats it would result in a gain of 34 votes, which, together with their present strength would give them a clear majority of 40. Should they unseat but five of the democrats, it would still increase their majority to 16, even if the remaining twelve democrats were allowed to serve unopposed. The seventeen sitting republican members from the south will watch the conclusions reached by the elections committee in these cases with great interest.

It will be seen that all of these cases with the exception of one, come from the south, where election frauds are known of all men. The republicans have justice in their cause and the sentiment of the country on their side, and as to the sixteen contestants from the south every one of them should have his seat. There is no doubt about that. It requires no argument to prove that frauds have been committed. The official returns will be the evidence needed to convince any one not blinded by partisanship that the republican contestants should win. The Herald may depend on one thing, that whatever the republicans do, will be done according to law and justice.

Times are changing for the better indeed, when a democratic newspaper like the Boston Herald, will print the following kindly note as editorial: "Minister Lincoln can count on the sympathy of the people in his threatened affliction. Abol Lincoln, Jr., is a name that deserves to be perpetuated through countless generations."

Dudley M. Flowers, of the University at Madison, who was convicted of hazing Riley, has been fined \$80 including costs. It probably should have been more than that, but this will no doubt answer the purpose of stopping further hazing in the university. It is a disgraceful practice and everybody will be glad when the students will have maslness enough to abandon it.

It is a matter of interest to know that prior to 1829 all ballots used throughout the states were written. The first printed ballot was used in Massachusetts in 1830 by David Henshaw, and was refused. It took a decision of the supreme court to establish its validity.

Judge Kelly, of Pennsylvania, is truly the father of the house of representatives. He has seen twenty-eight years of continuous service in congress, and all these years have not spoiled him.

Our plush garments are great card.  
 ARCHIE REID.

## CREAM OF THE NEWS.

M. M. DAVIS & Co., of Nettleton, Miss., have failed. Liabilities \$50,000, assets combined.

R. MICHAELS & Co., jewelers of Kansas City, Mo., have made a voluntary assignment in favor of their creditors. Liabilities \$80,000, assets \$75,000.

SCHEDULES of William Turnbull & Co., a new dry goods commission house, show direct liabilities for \$28,390, contingent liabilities \$139,406. Nominal assets \$30,222; actual assets \$62,908.

The grandson of the last chief of the Minnis, John La Fountain, the last member of the historic family of that name, died at the forks of the Wabash river, near Wabash, Ind.

The famous mining suit of Peter L. Kimberley against Charles D. Arms, involving over \$1,000,000, which has been once decided by the United States Supreme court in favor of the plaintiff, has been settled by mutual agreement.

THE Central Elevator company of Chattanooga, Tenn., S. A. Cheek, president, has assigned. Their liabilities \$19,029, as liabilities and an equal amount as assets. The failure was precipitated by the depreciation of grain in their elevator.

THE stockholders of the Chicago, Kansas & Nebraska railway company have ratified the contract with the Kansas City, Wyandotte & Northwestern railway by which the latter is given the use of the Rock Island track between Virginia, Neb., and Beatrice, Neb.

REPRESENTATIVES of the Independent Order of Good Templars, Woman's Christian Temperance Union, and the Prohibition State Central Committee of Nebraska, have formed what they call a triple alliance for the purpose of making a vigorous campaign in the interest of the Prohibition amendment of 1890.

THE factory and warehouse of the Western Sash and Door company in Kansas City, Kan., have been destroyed by fire. Loss, \$45,000; insurance, \$32,000.

A FISHING boat, in which were Charles Hoyt, aged fifty-five years, and Robert Bridges, aged thirty-eight, of Kewanee, Mass. Hoyt and Batchelder, who belonged in New Hampshire, were drowned. Bridges was rescued by a passing vessel.

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## MR. INGHAM'S ARGUMENT.

## HOT SHOT FOR THE PRISONER'S ON TRIAL.

His Claim That a Murderous Purpose Runs Through Every Circumstance of the Evidence Presented.

CHICAGO, Dec. 4.—At the opening of court in the Cronin murder case Mr. Donahoe called John Boyington, a carpenter who boarded at O'Sullivan's house, to the stand.

Mr. Boyington testified that there was an oil lamp on the southeast corner of Roscoe street and Ashland avenue, and the next nearest lamp was one block north on Ashland avenue.

The object of this testimony was to show the impossibility of a light being able to recognize Coughlin and Kunze, whom he had seen midway between those lamps. The contention of the defense was that with only such imperfect light it would be impossible that the milkman could have had a good view of the two men.

The conclusion of Boyington's testimony Judge Wing resumed his speech.

Judge Wing began by an allusion to evidence introduced by the State showing that Coughlin and Kunze were together in Peoria. He said this circumstance should never have been permitted to reach the jury because it had no bearing on the issue on trial. Then, too, he claimed that the defense had shown that the men were together at Peoria on business connected with the distillery explosion. Had fairness and square dealing been the purpose of the prosecution such a circumstance as this would not have been dragged in, but it was brought in, Judge Wing insisted, to create suspicion and awaken mistrust in the minds of the jury. The fact itself was entirely without significance and should not be considered even if it had not been disproved.

The same objections were applicable Judge Wing held, to the circumstance of Coughlin and Kunze being seen together in a saloon in Lake View. Another circumstance which should not have been admitted, that testified to by Serg. Hoelz regarding the telephone messages that passed between Coughlin and O'Sullivan. The telephone was never used by criminals to lay and discuss their plans of robbery and murder.

It was absurd to suppose that a circumstance should not be considered by the jury. Judge Wing then took up the question of the cause of the doctor's death. He maintained that it was not shown that death was not the result of the wound of the body. The jurors should be satisfied beyond all reasonable doubt that the death of the man was caused as charged in the indictment, before they could return a verdict of guilty. The man who sentenced another to death on mere suspicion or anything less than absolute moral certainty, would not only be a perjurer, but would be a murderer of a deeper, blacker dye than any man who might sit in the prisoner's box.

Judge Wing said that when the State preferred a charge against a man, the charge must be proven in the manner and form in which it was made. The cause of death as charged in the indictment must be proven by the State, and proven, too, beyond a reasonable doubt, before a verdict of guilty can be returned. And, unless it has been proven, beyond a reasonable doubt, that the doctor's death was caused by the wounds on his body the State's case must fall to the ground.

The law is that in cases where the cause of death is not known the indictment must so declare, and then the State must prove, and by medical experts show how death was caused. This was not done in this present case. The indictment charging these men with murder averred that Dr. Cronin came to his death from the wound found on his head. But such was not proven to be the fact. Several of the physicians who assisted at the autopsy held on Dr. Cronin's body testified that they could not tell whether or not the wounds were the cause of death.

"The juror must obey the law and found his verdict on the evidence as limited by the law, and the law says that the elements of the indictment must be sustained by the proof beyond a reasonable doubt. This is the law. The points of Judge Wing's argument on this line was as much for the benefit of the courts as for the jury. Then the question of the character of the blood and hair found in the cottage was discussed by Judge Wing. He maintained that the expert testimony regarding the blood introduced by the State was insufficient and worthless as scientific evidence.

"There has been a great deal of talk about blood in this case, but how much of it have you seen? One expert came here and announced that he found fifty-six corpses, and in a drop of blood no larger than a pin head there are millions of corpses. And they can find only fifty-six! Why, it would be very hard to find a kitchen in the house of any of you in which a drop of the blood of some mammal could not be found."

The lawyer next discussed the probability of the theories of the State regarding the hair found in the trunk. He claimed that the alleged resemblance of the different specimens of hair was entirely imaginary. It was shown by the expert evidence that the hair from the same head often differed materially in size and quality. No dependence could be placed on this circumstance of the hair.

Judge Wing's peroration was brief and was delivered in a low tone, and was an appeal to the jury not to let prejudice or suspicion influence their verdict. Promptly at the close of Judge Wing's speech, at 11:40 o'clock, Mr. Ingham began his address to the jury, his being the second speech on the part of the people. Mr. Ingham took up the law of the case. In discussing circumstantial evidence he speaker said the whole of Judge Wing's argument was an effort to show the jury that circumstantial evidence was dangerous to life and liberty, that it may lead to the conviction of innocent persons. If Judge Wing's argument proves anything, it appears that courts of justice have no place in modern civilization. Courts of justice are organized to decide cases upon the evidence, and every species of evidence, if the argument be true, is unworthy of credence unless it is the only result of Judge Wing's argument is that the men who commit crime must of necessity walk the streets of the city laughing at the law which they deride and defy and denouncing the victims of their crimes. Mr. Ingham then read a decision from Chief Justice Gibson, of Pennsylvania, on circumstantial evidence. Circumstantial evidence he says, may be stronger than any case of direct evidence.

"The only thing which you gentlemen are determine is, Did those men, with unholy hands, do that deed? If they did not they must be acquitted. Their fate is your hands. Are they guilty? That is the question."

Judge Wing, in his elaborate argument before you, has taken the evidence in the case piece by piece, and attempted to destroy it, particle by particle. Now, gentlemen, the fault has for many years been that science in all the world of reasoning has been changed, has been in the habit of attempting to draw conclusions from too few facts. They reason from the lesser to the greater. They went backward with too few facts upon which to base their theory and left out the other facts. The only danger in a case of circumstantial evidence is that the jury may look at certain facts and leave out others. If they consider all the facts and see the bearing of the whole together there can be no possible danger about getting at the truth."

Mr. Ingham then took up the evidence in detail, showing that where one circumstance had occurred, others were connected with it, either before or after, though it all run on an intelligent basis. He pointed out the murder of Dr. Cronin and the removal of his body. "This design the man Smith made, when, in buying the furniture from Hatfield, he took the first articles he saw and the cheapest until he came to the trunk and strap, and in these and these alone he had a choice—the largest trunk that could be procured and the strongest strap—then he knew that these articles were to be used in the disposal of Dr. Cronin's body. The same purpose was in his mind when he rented the flat at 117 Clark street, telling the agent he had a brother with sore eyes whom he was to have treated. Here is the sick brother, and here is the doctor just across the street.

How easy to call the latter in to see the sick man. But for some reason that plot failed. Then Burke rents the Carlson cottage. Why should Burke do so, and under the alias of Williams? He is on trial for his life and able counsel are defending him. Where are the three brothers, where is the sister who he said were going to live with him? If that story were true the broad ocean would not be too broad for them to come and testify in his behalf. They can't produce them—they were never in existence. The story was a lie.

"Why was the cottage rented next to P. O'Sullivan's residence and barn? Isn't that the place where Dr. Cronin would expect to go if any of O'Sullivan's men had been injured. The same design is here seen, and it appears in the contract made by O'Sullivan with Dr. Cronin. Something must be arranged so that when the doctor is summoned he shall not say, 'Get a nearer physician,' hence the contract and the card of O'Sullivan. The same purpose appears in Coughlin's taking the white horse to a stable where detectives had for years been in the habit of engaging rigs and where there was an understanding that nothing was to be said about the hiring of rigs by officers. If Coughlin had been innocent he would never have allowed that man 'Smith,' whom he says he saw on the street, an whom he had care to bring to escape, for Coughlin, then knew he was under suspicion, as indicated by his request to Dignan not to say anything about his hiring the rig. Why is Burke fleeing to England? Because he knows in his soul that he has killed the doctor. An attempt in this case has been made at a defense. The counsel have done everything in their power and yet they have failed. Not a particle of evidence against Burke has been denied with the exception that he was not at the cottage that night. The evidence proves that three of these men on trial are guilty of the doctor's death. 'When the defendants' counsel can make you believe that the court house sprung up like a mushroom they can make you believe that there was not a design in the hearts of these three men. They covered his body with the filth of the sewer and then covered his memory with the epithet of a traitor. They murdered him because they feared his charges. They called him a spy that they might render to him to kill him. Now, gentlemen, I have said about all that I am going to. Remember that theft, if it is to be can only be stopped by the enforcement of the law. Do your duty. Satisfy your own conscience and the rest of us will be satisfied."

Mr. Donahoe for the defense began his speech at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning.

## BARN-BURNER LYNCHED.

Maryland Citizens Take the Law Into Their Own Hands and Hang an Offender.

BADTOWNE, Md., Dec. 4.—Joseph Vermillion, the barn-burner, was lynched at Upper Marlboro, in Prince George county, at 2:30 o'clock this morning. The affair was conducted with the utmost secrecy, and the inhabitants of the town were not awakened.

The mob that hanged the man was composed of residents of the district in which the barns were burned. They came in a body and took him from the jail without being seen by the jailer. They cut the gate of the fence surrounding the jail, and when asked by the jailer what was wanted they replied that they had a prisoner. As soon as they opened the gate they rushed in and quickly had Vermillion out and hurried him down the road toward the jail on bridge.

He was strung up without mercy, and at sunrise his body was still dangling from the main support of the bridge in full view of hundreds of visitors to the scene. There were about fifty men in the mob. All were disguised.

Joe was chained to the floor, but his shackles were soon removed by one of the party with tools brought for the purpose.

## BIG COLORADO FAILURE.

The Agassiz Mining Company of Leadville Makes an Assignment.

LEADVILLE, Dec. 4.—The Agassiz Mining company, represented principally by eastern capitalists, made an assignment last night to Charles L. Hill, giving that gentleman power of attorney to dispose of the properties and settle all debts. The liabilities are placed at \$114,000; assets, \$200,000. The assignment caused great consternation here.

Earthquake Shock in New Hampshire. DOVER, N. H., Dec. 4.—Early this morning the 114 inhabitants of Alton Bay were awakened by an earthquake shock which jarred the houses. Many people rushed from their beds. Crockery and glassware were broken. Clocks were stopped at 1:20. A second shock was more severe than the first. People then rushed from their houses, expecting they would tumble down. The bell on the steamer Mount Washington, in the middle of the bay, was rung. The shock was also felt at Alton and Gilford, but was not so severe.

A Careless Smoker's Deadly Work. CANTON, O., Dec. 4.—Peter Uhl went to sleep on a cot in his sitting room, at 3:30 o'clock this morning, while smoking a cigar. The cigar ignited some paper half an hour afterward, and before any of the family could be awakened, the place was in flames. A 10-year-old son died from suffocation, while the father and two younger children are in a critical condition. Mrs. Uhl was the first awakened, and although nearly overcome by the smoke, escaped and gave the alarm.

Local Elections in Massachusetts. BOSTON, Dec. 4.—The local elections throughout Massachusetts show very little change politically. Most of the cities and towns that voted on license or no license are about equally divided on the issue.

WANTED—101 young married couples to purchase stoves at E. W. Lowell's, 7 and 9 River street. Largest stock and lowest prices in the city.

## A HEAVY FAILURE.

Assignment of the Love-Sewing Machine Company of Rochester, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 4.—The Love Sewing-machine company, at Rochester, Pa., has failed. The company has a capital stock of \$500,000. Its liabilities are not known. The assignment is due to the failure of the Lawrence bank, of this city. President York of the bank was also president of the sewing-machine company. Employment was given to 150 men and the works covered three acres.

Lost Express Money Paid For. COLUMBIAN, Mich., Dec. 4.—William and George Norton have transferred their real estate to E. W. Mitchell, general superintendent of the United States Express company, to satisfy a claim of \$7,600. Dec. 4, 1884, a package containing \$7,500 was stolen while in transfer from New Lisbon, Ohio, to Pittsburg at Youngstown. William Norton was express agent at the time his brother says the package was sent to him, marked "old papers." By the transfer the express company will lose nothing. No criminal proceedings will follow.

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 See Matthew 10, 17, 18; also Luke 10, 19.  
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## THE GAZETTE.

THE OFFICIAL CITY PAPER.

AVERAGE CIRCULATION OF DAILY AND WEEKLY \$500.

## LOCAL MATTERS.

Burns & Boland are offering the greatest bargains in cloaks of any house in the city.

Grubb Bros., cash grocers, corner Milwaukee and Jackson streets.

The finest display of holiday presents in the city at Burns & Boland's.

Call and see our display before you select a holiday present.

STEARN & BAKER.

If you want the most stylish cloak in the city for the least money, go to Burns & Boland's.

The Maple Grove Dairy will sell milk hereafter at four cents per quart. Parties wishing to purchase tickets, can obtain them from the driver on the wagon.

O. A. DOWLING.

Underwear, hosiery and gloves at astonishing low prices at Burns & Boland's.

New stores, new goods and prices right at Grubb Bros.

We are determined to close out our entire line of cloaks this season, and will make prices from now on that will do it.

BURNS & BOLAND.

NOTICE TO FARMERS—You will find our stock of wool boots and overs complete, and our prices will be as heretofore, always the lowest.

BROWN BROS.

Fine Malaga grapes, Florida oranges and Delicata cluster raisins at Grubb Bros.

Huy's Pectoral Macilage, 35 cents, at Stearns & Baker's.

WANTED.—Girls to make shirts. Steady work year around.

Beloit Overall Factory.

H. ROSENBLATT & SONS.

There is nothing more appropriate for a Christmas present than a nice dress; and in order to give everyone a chance to buy one, we have made a great cut on all kinds of dress goods, silks, plushes and velvets, at Burns & Boland's.

Our choice Michigan apples [at Grubb Bros.], \$2.75 per barrel.

LOST.—A jet setting from finger ring. Initial "Y." inscribed with gold in center. Return to Gazette and receive reward.

Handsome wall pockets, 25 cents and \$1.00 at Wheelock's; comb and brush sets 75 cents; up; fairy lamps; paper napkins; Keystone and Dover egg beaters; 100 styles of dolls.

DON'T BELIEVE IT WHEN OUR CREDIT competitor tells you that 25 cent rubbers are worthless; try a pair of our twenty-five centers and if they do not prove good wearers we will refund the price paid. We are trying to convince you that it pays to trade at a cash store. We have Misses and child's heel and spring at same price.

BROWN BROS.

Girls wanted at the Central House, on Franklin street. Best reference required.

1889 nuts of all kinds at Grubb Bros., a nut cracker and pick with every pound.

A celluloid brush, comb and mirror in a plush case for \$1.25 at Stearns & Baker's.

POLICE! POLICE! Compare the genuine Douglas police shoes with any of the imitations on the market and convince yourself which is the best. All we ask is a trial and we will leave the decision with you.

BROWN BROS., Agents.

Plush comb and brush cases cheaper than ever offered, at Stearns & Baker's.

Imported jams, jellies and preserves 20 and 25 cents, at Denniston's.

Hygienic tooth powder, the very best, at Stearns & Baker's.

The usual great holiday sale has commenced at Sutherland's bookstore.

See holiday display at Stearns & Baker's.

You could hardly think of buying a new cloak before looking over the largest stock in town at our store.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Bamboo cassels, the finest in the city at Sutherland's bookstore.

Home made comfortable, well made, hand tied, good quality, pure cotton filled, large size. We have them.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

WANTED.—Book salesman for Rock county; experience unnecessary; salary \$50.00 to \$75.00 per month; apply to E. W. Goodsell, Gen. Agent, 113 Park street, Janesville, Wis.

HARD TIMES PRICES.

Wood all sawed twice and split. Hard maple, \$7.25; second growth oak, \$6.00; poplar, \$5.00; pine slabs, \$5.00 per cord. Best Lohg and Soranah hard coal at prices that always sell. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

DAVID K. JEFFERIS.

Telephone 62. East side customers leave orders at Myers' grocery.

Children's blackboards at Sutherland's bookstore.

Ladies clean your kid gloves with Mother's Glove cleaner; for sale only at Burns & Boland's dry goods store.

The celebrated 5A horse blankets and a large lot of other styles we are offering at reduced prices.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

FOR RENT.—No. 127 Madison street, good house with water, gas and modern improvements. A good barn on the premises.

FRANK DANO;

58 Jackson Street.

Indian clubs—a large assortment. See them at Sutherland's bookstore.

Charles Wisch, opposite the post office, has one of the best barber shops in the state. None but skilled workmen employed. A good bath room in connection. Call on him.

House with barn to let; also houses without barn.

J. W. NASH.

## KANSAS WINS A PRIZE.

Judge Brewer Appointed Justice of the Supreme Court.

## FIVE LABORERS KILLED.

By the Cars at Wilkesbarre Early This Morning While Waiting by the Track.

Special to the Gazette.

WASHINGTON, December 4th.—President Harrison nominated Judge David J. Brewer, of Kansas, to be associated justice of the United States Supreme court.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Dec. 4th.—Benj. Petrus, John Brant, Leon Conrad, Ernest and Michael Zeske were killed at the Hazel street crossing of the Jersey Central tracks this morning, while standing between the tracks waiting for a work train. A freight car loaded with lumber came along and a projecting timber struck the men knocking them under the wheels. They were all most horribly mangled.

## BRIEFLETS.

—Concert this evening.

—H. Buchholz is in Chicago on business.

—"Cream" cheese a specialty at Fred Vankirk's.

—Mr. Geo. D. Charlton is in Chicago on business.

—Miss Kate Bauman is visiting friends in Hanover.

—Prof. Manning will open his boxing school this evening.

—Miss Allie Heathorn, Olinton, is in the city visiting friends.

—Mrs. A. P. Burnham returned from Edgerton this morning.

—Fred Vankirk's tea prizes are "winners." Go and get one.

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Tall are visiting acquaintances in Hanover.

—A complete line of fruits, nuts, candies, etc., cheap at Fred Vankirk's.

—Hear the Schubert Quartette at the Congregational church this evening.

—The celebrated "Banana" hams and breakfast bacon, only at Fred Vankirk's.

—The Schubert Quartette arrived this morning and are registered at the Grand hotel.

—Fancy "Albany buckwheat" flour and a pure maple syrup, at Fred Vankirk's.

—Miss Carrie Johnson, of Lima Center, was a pleasant caller at the Gazette office today.

—Mr. Joseph J. Rollard, of Edgerton, was transacting business at the court house today.

—Miss Carrie Plowright will entertain the Q. I. Z. Club at 117 Fourth avenue this evening.

—Miss Florence Ogden, of Shulsburg is visiting Miss Fannie Simpson, No. 125 North Bluff street.

—Mr. A. A. Coburn returned from Whitewater this morning, where he has been for a day or two.

—The Terpsichorean Club will give their next party Monday evening, December 9th, at Columbia hall.

—Wisconsin Lodge No. 14, I. O. O. F., occupy Odd Fellows' hall this evening—regular weekly meeting. Election of officers.

—There will be a party given at La Prairie Grange hall to-morrow evening.

—Smith & Anderson's orchestra will furnish music.

—Washington Camp No. 1, Patriotic Sons of America, assemble in regular weekly meeting this evening—lodge room in the Judd block, North Main street.

—H. W. Frick, editor and publisher of the Janesville Journal, has purchased one of the finest lots in Riverview Park, and will erect thereon a fine residence in the early spring.

—The Odd Fellows will give their next social party and dance at their hall Saturday evening, December 7th. Tuckwood's orchestra will furnish music and all who attend will have a jolly time. All who have been invited to previous parties are expected.

—The First M. E. church, of this city, has not been slow in encouraging the wants of the needy in South Dakota, and has already sent out one box of books, one box of clothing, and \$12 in money. This is good as far as it goes, but let others do and do likewise.

—The N. O. W. Club gave one of their parties at the armory last evening. It was a grand success, about fifty couples keeping time to the delightful music of Smith & Anderson's orchestra. The next of the series given by this club, will be held at the armory Tuesday evening, December 17th.

—The Fire Police Company held their regular monthly meeting last evening, the principal business of public importance was the election of new members as follows: R. J. Whitton, W. H. Greenman, and Thomas (Moust, vice Messrs. T. T. Croft, O. Wells Ray, J. B. Doe, Jr., resigned.

—A gospel meeting will be held in Good Templars room of Court Street church, Wednesday evening, December 4th, at 7:30 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all. "Whoever will, may come and partake of the water of life freely." Come, and bring with you your gospel song and help us to sing as well as preach the gospel.

—At the Anglemore turkey shoot yesterday afternoon, City Clerk Bates and George Wright carried off the honors—each getting three turkeys. Dr. St. John got two; Frank Threer one, and J. H. Gately one. Three more were reported to have been killed, but as no one claims to have shot them, it was thought that they were scared to death.

—The Lewis Knitting Company, of Janesville, Wisconsin, has filed articles of incorporation with the register of deeds. The capital stock is \$75,000, divided into seven hundred and fifty shares of one hundred dollars each. The object of the incorporation being for the manufacture of all kinds of underwear, and all materials used therein. The incorporators are F. F. Lewis, J. M. Bostwick, and Geo. M. McKay.

—The Ladies' Society of All Souls church will hold a bazaar at the church parlors Thursday evening, December 5th. Supper will be served, commencing

at 5:30, for 25 cents. This is a great opportunity for a good supper, and a chance to select from a fine variety of Christmas presents. Don't fail to attend. The All Souls people are noted for hospitality. Remember the evening, Thursday, December 5th.

—Messrs. Burnham & Koebelin have kindly tendered to All Souls society the use of one of their elegant pianos to be used at the bazaar to-morrow. Prof. Will Emory, of Dr. F. O. Robertson's company, will exhibit to those present what a first class artist can produce on a first class instrument.

YANKEE FAT AGAIN.

THE INDULGES IN THE FLOWING BOWL AGAIN AND GETS INTO TROUBLE.

Yankee Fat came to town yesterday. It was a cold day, and he wanted something to warm him up. When he got through with the warming process he had a pretty big "jag" on and decided that he would go home. That was easier said than done, for "Yankee" was so much under the influence of the flowing bowl that he could not tell his grey team from a pair of black mules. He started for Ryan's livery stable and poured his tale of woe into the listening ear of the sympathetic Daniel. Daniel recommended a boy to "Yankee," who would find his team for him for the small consideration of twenty-five cents. A bargain was struck and the kid started out. He soon returned with a team and "Yankee" was loaded in and started out for home. Then Mr. James Wallace, who lives in the town of Center, appeared on the scene, and wanted to know if they had seen anything of his team. Mr. Ryan being absent an employee who was not on to the deal, said that he knew nothing about it. Mr. Wallace then went over to Mr. H. G. Carter's livery and hired a rig, and thinking that his team had got loose and started home, went after them. In the meantime Mr. Ryan had got back and when informed that a man had been told him about the team that "Yankee" had, Mr. Carter sent one of his men down to Yankee's place and got Mr. Wallace's team. Pat has sworn off and says that he will never take another drink, but that is considered on good authority to be doubtful.

CLOSED UP.

A. A. COBURN IN FINANCIAL TROUBLE.

The grocery store of Mr. A. A. Coburn, No. 115 West Milwaukee street, was closed by Chicago creditors this afternoon. His liabilities will probably amount to between twenty-five hundred and three thousand dollars. A Gazette reporter called on Mr. Coburn this afternoon but he was unable to state the facts of the case on account of the complications of affairs owing to claims coming in, etc.

NEW FIRM.

A NEW GROCERY IN A NEW STORE.

The Gazette desires to call attention to the announcement of Messrs. Grubb Bros. in another column. The firm is composed of John and Stephen Grubb. Their life-long residence in Janesville is the only introduction they need. The senior member of the firm is a thorough groceryman of long experience both with the retail and wholesale trade. He combines with practical knowledge, the element of popularity that always wins success.

Mr. Stephen Grubb was associated for many years with the old firm of Foote & Wilcox. He has a host of friends who will rejoice in his prosperity.

The firm occupy their handsome new block on West Milwaukee street, where they have fitted expressly for their business. Their stock is fresh and bought for cash. Call and see their new store.

THE CIRCUIT COURT.

A VERDICT FOR THE PLAINTIFF IN THE COW CASE.

The jury in the action of Square Morse against Cornelius Wilcox, found a verdict in favor of the plaintiff about nine o'clock last evening; the verdict was sealed and brought into court this morning.

The action of F. L. Stevens against the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company is still on trial and will probably occupy the rest of the day.

There is one more jury trial and then the court calendar will be taken up.

SELECTIONS OFFICERS.

JANESVILLE CITY LODGE NO. 90, I. O. O. F.

At the regular meeting of Janesville City Lodge No. 90, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, held at Odd Fellows' hall last evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing term:

N. G.—Will Soufield.

V. G.—S. L. Hillbrandt.

R. S.—Walter Rice.

P. S.—Thomas Mahon.

Treas.—John Stanton.

Trustee for three years—Willard J. Coleman.

ORIENTAL LODGE NO. 22, KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

At the regular meeting of Oriental Lodge No. 22, Knights of Pythias, held last evening at Castle hall the following officers were elected for the ensuing term:

O. O.—Emmett D. McGowan.

V. O.—Leod H. Becker.

Pre.—Hiram D. Murdoch.

M. O.—E. H. Murdoch.

K. O.—F. B. Baldwin.

M. of R. and S.—E. A. Hyde.

M. of A.—S. A. Chase.

Trustee for three years—O. S. Jackman.

THE CATHOLIC KNIGHTS.

At a meeting of the Catholic Knights of Wisconsin held last evening the following officers were elected:

President—Charles Viney.

Vice President—John Lawton.

Secretary—T. B. Leshey.

Treasurer—M. Murphy.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

If taken soon, new house and six acres of land on corner of Milton Avenue and Elida streets. In fine shape to sell in acre or half acre lots. D. CONGER.

If you want a fine, new home in this city, see me before you buy. D. CONGER.

No such a stock of cloaks in the north-west as we are now showing.

ARCHIE REID.

JANESVILLE, WIS., Dec. 4, 1889.

Resolved, that we, the officers, teachers and scholars, representing the First M. E. church, Janesville, return our grateful thanks to the First Congregational church, of this city, for their christian courtesy in opening their Sunday school room for the sessions of our Sunday school during the repairing of our church building.

H. G. ANZLOD, Superintendent.

What Janesville's Neighbors Have Been Doing.

Many Items of Interest.

Late Personal and News Paragraphs Gathered for Gazette Readers.

NORTH JOHNSTOWN.

—Mr. Woodstock spent last Sabbath in Edgerton.

—Mr. M. E. Case is visiting at his father-in-law's, Mr. E. Shumway.

—John Palmer, of Oregon, is visiting at his cousin's, O. B. Palmer.

—In the item of last week, in regard to the house at Mr. J. H. Johnson's, it should have read, presented Mr. and Mrs. J. Callison with a nice couch and the baby a high chair.

—Mr. Holste Roe's little boy went in to the barn last Sabbath evening, with a lantern to feed the stock. The lantern exploded, the flames leaping up into the hay. Soon the barn was all in flames. He had forty head of stock in the barn besides all the grain and fodder. They escaped to the barnyard, but the rest was consumed together with his house.

—Mrs. Hiram Bullock, who had been sick for nearly two years with a cancer, died last Saturday, at length. She was held on Tuesday last, at eleven o'clock, at the M. E. church, Milton, Rev. A. D. Sanborn, of Oakfield, a former pastor of this place, preaching the sermon. A large concourse of relatives and friends assembled to pay the last tribute of respect to one of their number. But they mourn not as those without hope. She has entered into the rest for which she so much desired.

CENTER.

—Center sends a quartette to the Evansville seminary.

—G. U. Fisher and son purchased Dr. Faxon prize winning Southdown buck last week for \$30.

—Center schools are all in full blast for winter—with good teachers at the helm.

—There was a rousing debate at Center church last Saturday over the money question.

—Catherine Orall is reported to be very sick at Clear Lake, Iowa.

—The sermon at the Christian church last Sunday was excellent. Such talk will do good in the hearts of the people.

—Board meeting Tuesday, accounts all audited. Books will soon be ready for collection. Where O. where are the taxes coming from?

—M. C. Farley is in Chicago laying in a stock of holiday goods. Notice his bulletin board and buy your necessities at wholesale prices.

—F. W. Snyder demonstrated the fact last Tuesday that a good horse can run as fast as a good man, and that both arms are necessary to hold back.

—Church societies at O. C. Fisher's next Friday evening. Come early and witness the program.

—Hal. Childs was seen at a central point.

—Mrs. Gardner, of Brookfield, is the guest of Mrs. J. T. Snyder the present week. She is a welcome visitor in our midst.

—S. C. Crow, E. L. Parnley and G. H. Fisher tried to capture a suspicious looking tramp Tuesday evening. His trampship was too nimble on foot.

MILTON JUNCTION.

—There have been quite a number of cases of the so-called Dutch measles in town lately.

—Mrs. S. Miller has been quite sick with sore throat.

—Remember the charitable Society's social next Monday evening, at Mr. John Owen's.

—Mr. E. E. Frink is building an ice house for Mr. Peck, of Fulton.

—Mr. Peter Alf left here a week ago last Saturday evening for St. Paul, Minnesota.

—A. B. Cowing intends to leave here the last of the week for Deerfield, where he will go into the farm machinery business again.

—Randall Thompson occupies the old stand again, and has stocked up with an assortment of hardware.

—Thomas Jones, the successor of Chas. Winch in the livery business, has moved in town, and now takes full charge of the business.

—Chas. Winch is now pounding iron for Ernest Drake, our new blacksmith.

—Mr. Paul is very busy these days collecting his accounts.

—Mrs. Waldo, of Ludington, Michigan, spent Sunday with her son and daughters in this place.

—It beats Milwaukee the number of peddlers and book-agents there are traveling the country these days.

—Rush Bullis is as happy as any one could be. It is a boy—born Nov. 27th, weight, 9½ pounds. Mother and babe are doing well.

—The son of Alex. Jones, was taken Friday night with bloody dysentery. No better.

—A. B. Carter has taken Uncle Allanson Owen's farm to work, and took possession last week.

—The Seventh Day Baptist Society held their quarterly meeting on Sunday commencing last Friday and continued until Tuesday evening. The meetings were well attended and a great interest was manifested among the christian believers to see a general revival in this place.

—Miss Anna Lee Tompkins, of Milton, spent the Sabbath with her sister, Miss Jessie Tompkins, of this place.

—Rev. Mr. Sabin and family are agreeably surprised Thanksgiving by a large poultice.

—A large crowd gathered at the M. E. church last Sunday evening to listen to the concert given by the Sunday school of that church. A fine performance was prepared, well carried out, and all seemed pleased with the entertainment.

—Messrs. William Howard and Daniel Shimeles, accompanied by Messrs. Fred Stamp, Little, Langhorne, and Edmer Tarrant, left for a pleasure trip to Chicago on the midnight train, Monday evening.

—A quiet wedding was held at the residence of Dr. Henry Manley, Wednesday Nov. 27, at 10 o'clock. The contracting parties were Mr. Fred Graves, of Furlie, and Miss Gustie Hines, of Watertown. Rev. Mr. Sabin officiated. The bride and groom left on the 1 o'clock train for Watertown and intend to spend the winter with their parents. Their friends unite in wishing them a pleasant and prosperous journey through life.

—The celebrated Peck sisters from Andover, will give one of their normal entertainments at the Congregational church, Wednesday, Dec. 11. Everybody is expected to come and enjoy themselves immensely. The troupe consists of 15 Peckes and a colored boy.